

AIRS – Updating Imagery to Meet User Needs & Support Applications

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NASA LANCE & NASA GIBS Teams

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Topics

- 1. Rationale for updating imagery
- 2. The "updating journey" and lessons learned
- 3. Targeted users
- 4. AIRS Volcano Rapid Response
- 5. Requests for future capability

AIRS Level 2 on Worldview

OLD

Daily, Day, Night, Standard Projection

Products likely created at 640 x 320

- CO total column
- Dust Score
- Precip Estimate
- SO2 Index (Prata algorithm)
- Relative Humidity 400, 500, 600, 700, 850 hPa
- Temperature 400, 500, 600, 700, 850 hPa

NEW (in development)

Daily, Day, Night, Standard & Polar Projection

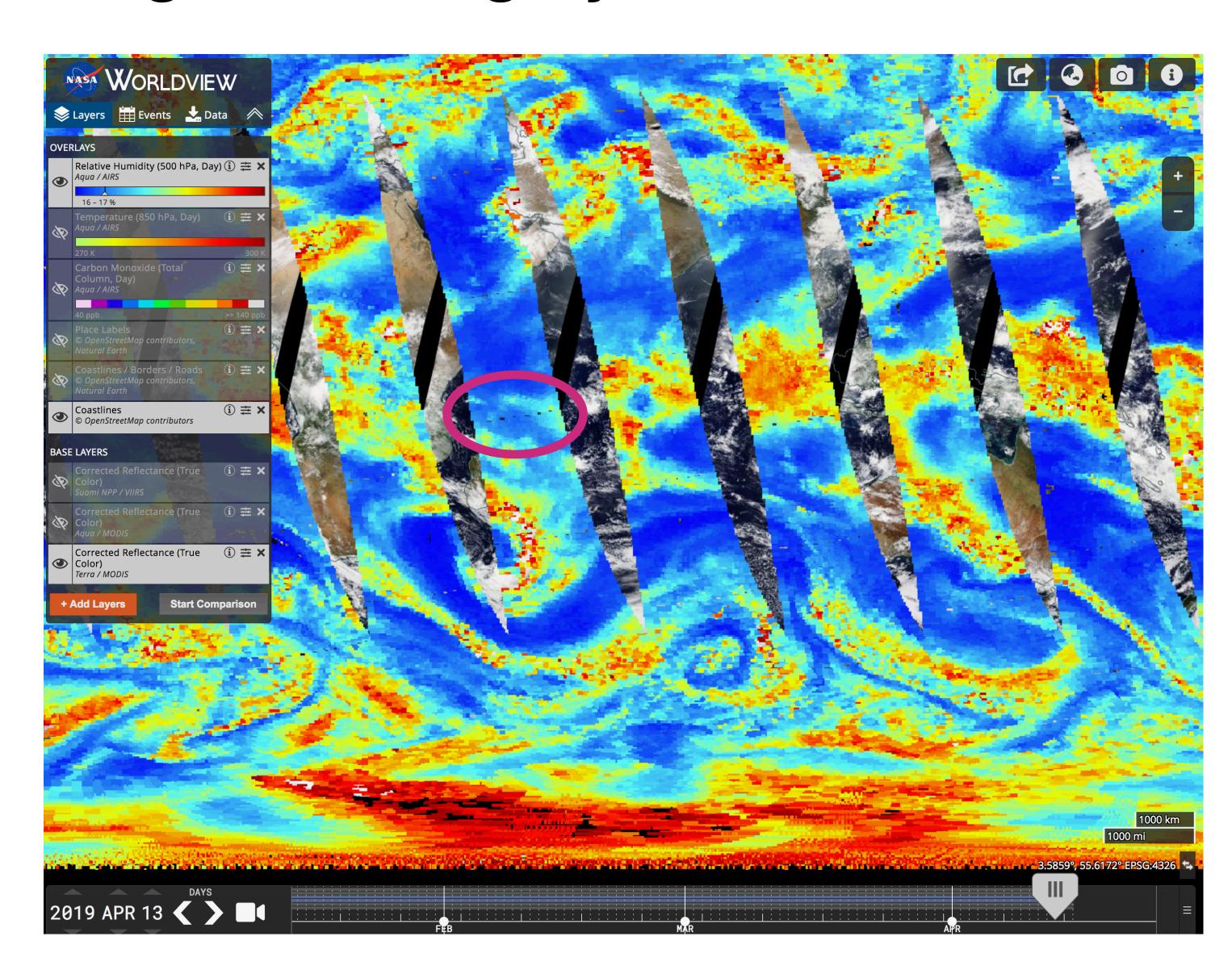
Native resolution: T, RH, CO, CH4 / 45 km; SO2, DUST, CLOUDS / 13.5 km. Images prepped for GIBS @ 1280x640

- CO 500 hPa
- Dust Score
- Precip Estimate
- SO2 Index (Prata algorithm)
- Relative Humidity 500, 700, 850 hPa
- Temperature 500, 700, 850 hPa
- Surface Air Temperature
- Surface Skin Temperature
- Surface Relative Humidity
- Methane 400 hPa
- SO2 BT Difference
- Cloud Fraction
- Cloud Top Height

Rationale for updating AIRS imagery on Worldview

Not best representation of AIRS products

- Edge effects
- Artifacts between granules
- Color bars not optimal
- Extraneous pressure levels
- CO total column should not be used
- Additional products should be included



From AIRS to LANCE to GIBS to Worldview: The Journey



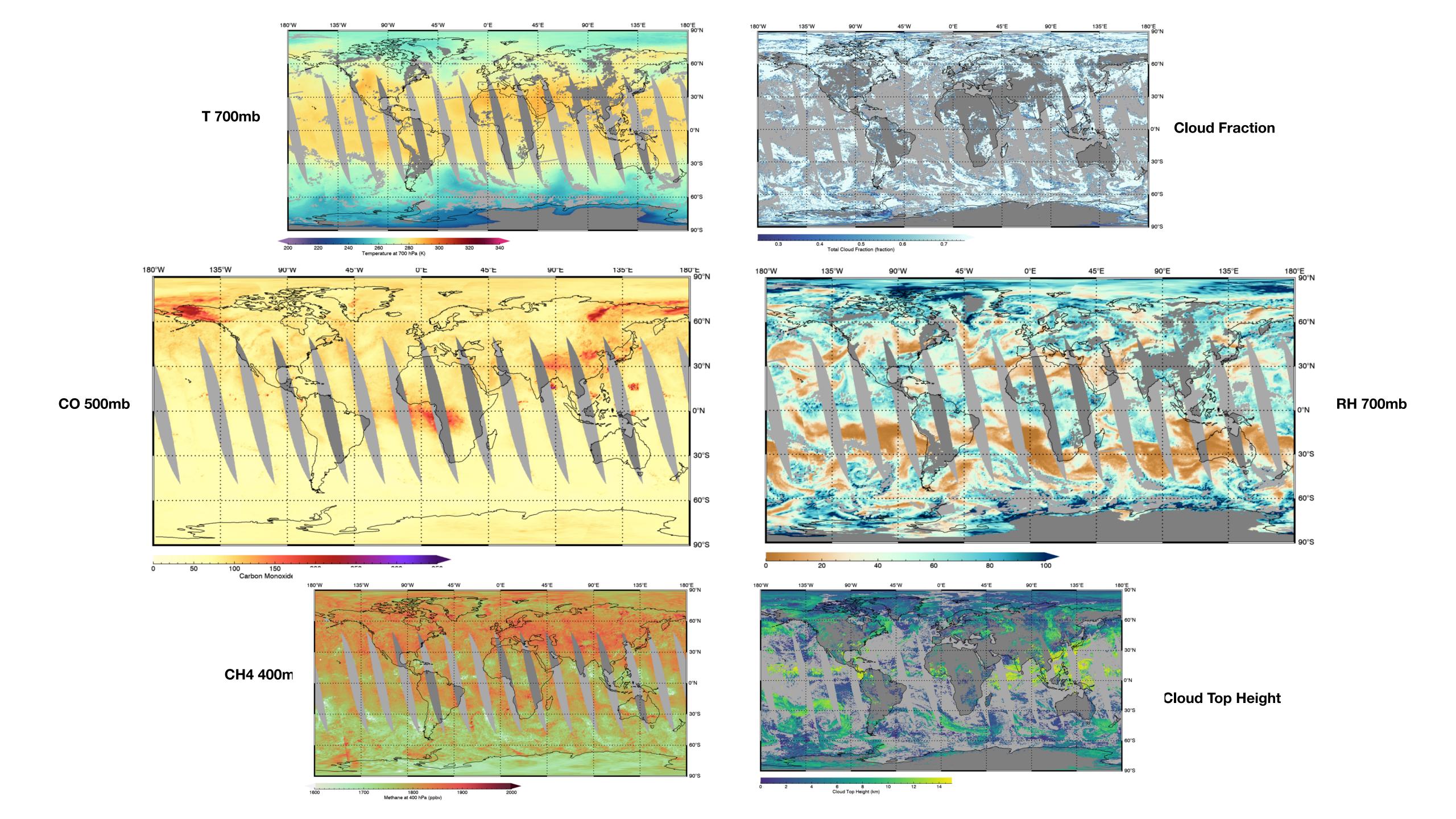
- 1. LANCE producing AIRS imagery > GIBS > Worldview
- 2. Determined AIRS on Worldview needs updating
- 3. Jeff Hall develops initial orbit-based visualization algorithm to improve appearance of images, fix edge effects, fix artifacts between granules
- 4. BEDI L3 color tables determined for 8 products, tables tuned to maximize structure (surface air T/skin T/RH; CO 500, CH4 401 and R all sky/clear sky; CO2 500 monthly)
- 5. Additional products identified for LANCE proces
- 6. New visualization rules & image resolution dete
- 7. Paulo Penteado continues to improve visualizat to easily share code with LANCE team
- 3. More products identified to support AIRS volc
- Color table tuning changes: support continui structure
- 10. Polar projection added
- 11. Updates to some GIBS variates will requ
 - . AIRS Project requests histor procarchived in GIBS
- GIBS variates will require procession of BOM to be

for GIBS

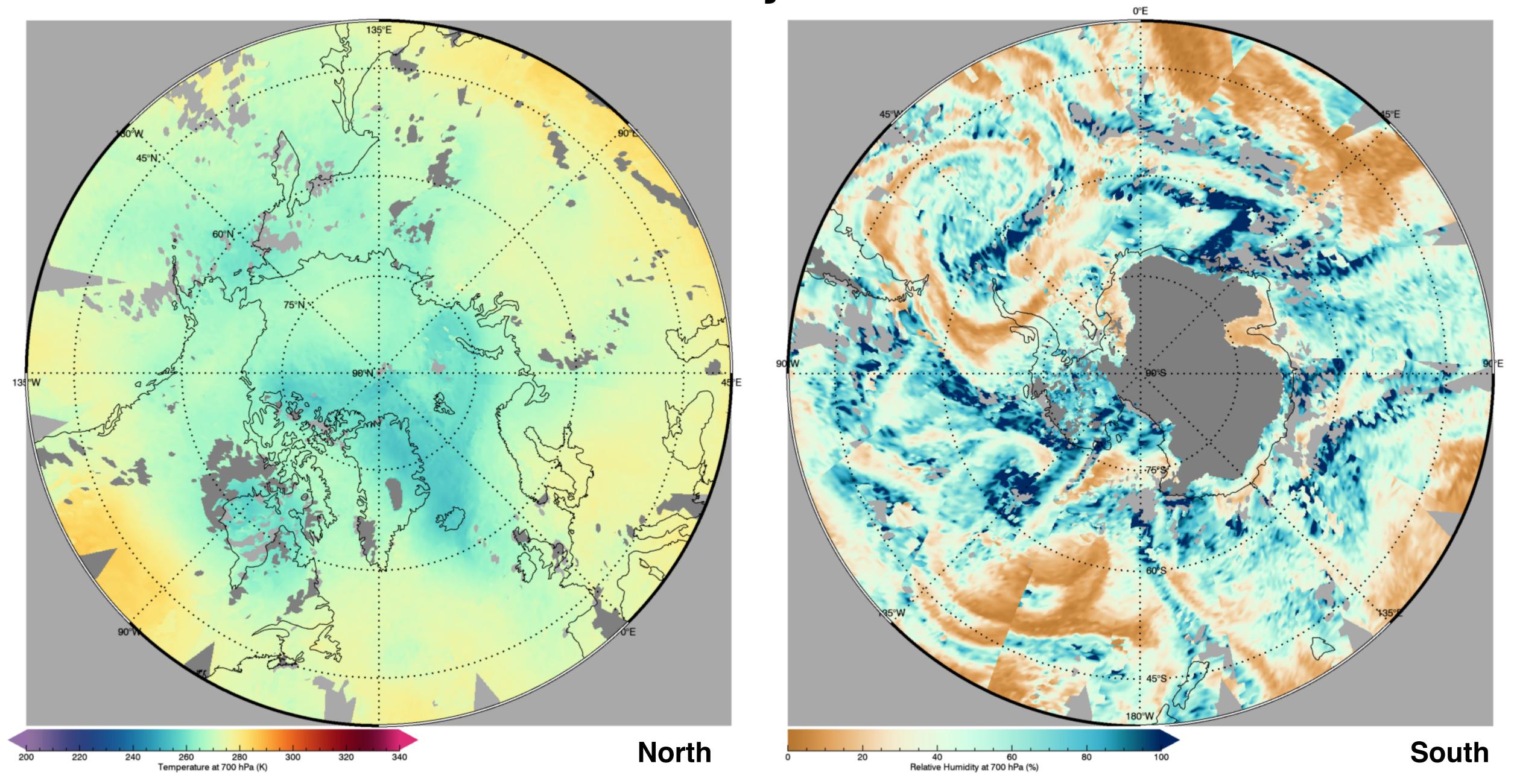
he expense of

es GitHub space

- New visualization algorithm fixes artifacts & improves resolution
- Quality color tables
- Polar projection
- 15 new or improved products
- GitHub development platform easy code updates & sharing with LANCE
- Historical archive from BOM in progress
- AIRS LANCE GIBS process & infrastructure



Polar Projections



JPL/AIRS

Visualization Algorithm

In GitHub, contains imagemaking code for all products

Visualization Rules

Color tables
Scaling
Thresholding
Resolution

Historical processing

All products, BOM

LANCE

Incorporate Visualization Algorithm into workflow

Generate products, output in NetCDF

Send via WMS to GIBS

(WMS creates layers from NetCDF, GIBS takes PNG images)

GIBS

Creates tiles from image

Holds library of AIRS color tables, applies to image tiles

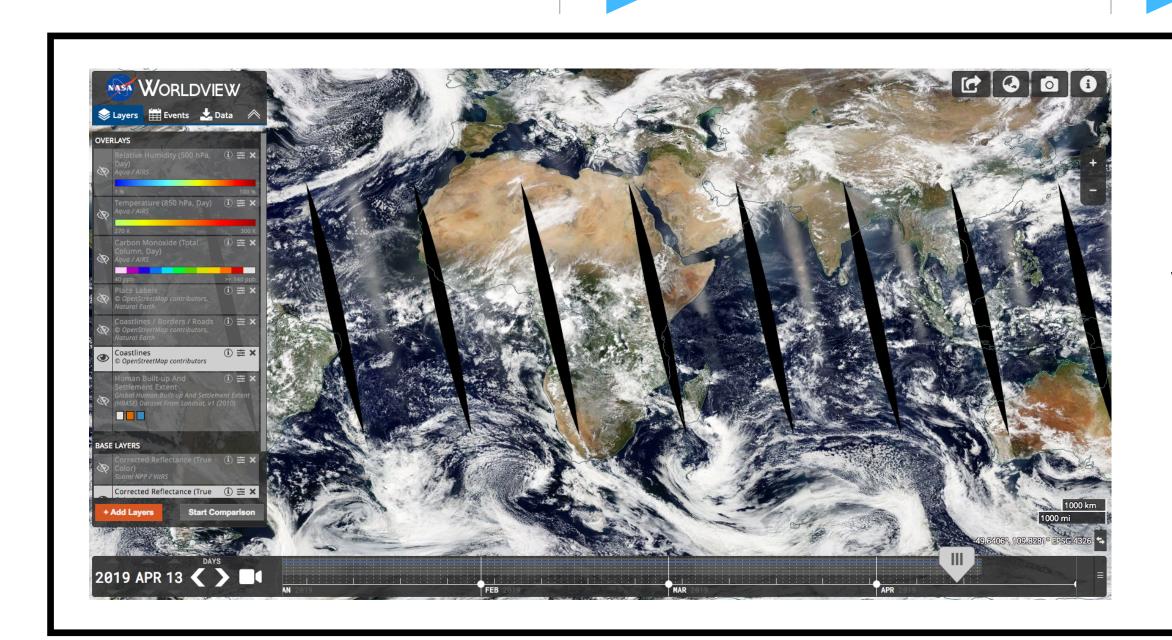
Eventually swaps NRT for STD to allow links to data

DAAC

Generates 8 L3 images

Surface Air T, Surface Skin T, CO 500, CO2 500 (monthly), CH4 400, OLR clear sky, OLR all sky,

Sends via WMS to GIBS





AIRS Historical Processing – Status

- 1. Sample processing run to create test images will be completed this week
- 2. Sample suite then sent to GIBS GIBS confirms imagery & support files are good
- 3. Upon go-ahead from GIBS, historical processing commences 2-3 weeks run time

Lessons Learned

1. For products that span multiple pressure levels – opt for one color table for all layers vs structure Allows users to compare

New GIBS rule: One color table per instrument across pressure levels

- 2. Understand your color bar endpoint options
- 3. Consult with GIBS on image-making best practices before creating imagery for the archive (color table approach, endpoints, resolution)

 GIBS best practices cheat sheet for new suppliers?

Targeted Users Use Cases For AIRS on Worldview

Browse & Compare

- Researchers can easily explore to find data they're looking for; links to data
- Researchers who want a sense of the AIRS data but don't want to go through the process of downloading, reading, and plotting Level 2 files
- Users who don't do a lot of programming who want a tool to overlay data sets

Rapid Response

 Quick access to imagery for disaster or severe weather assessment (volcanic plumes, CO transport from wildfires, polar vortex, atmospheric rivers)

Applications

 Typically won't require access to data, want easy access to repository of image products

General Public

• Interested citizens, teachers, community leaders, students...

Some products on Worldview generated by LANCE, some by GES DAAC. Depends on NRT need.

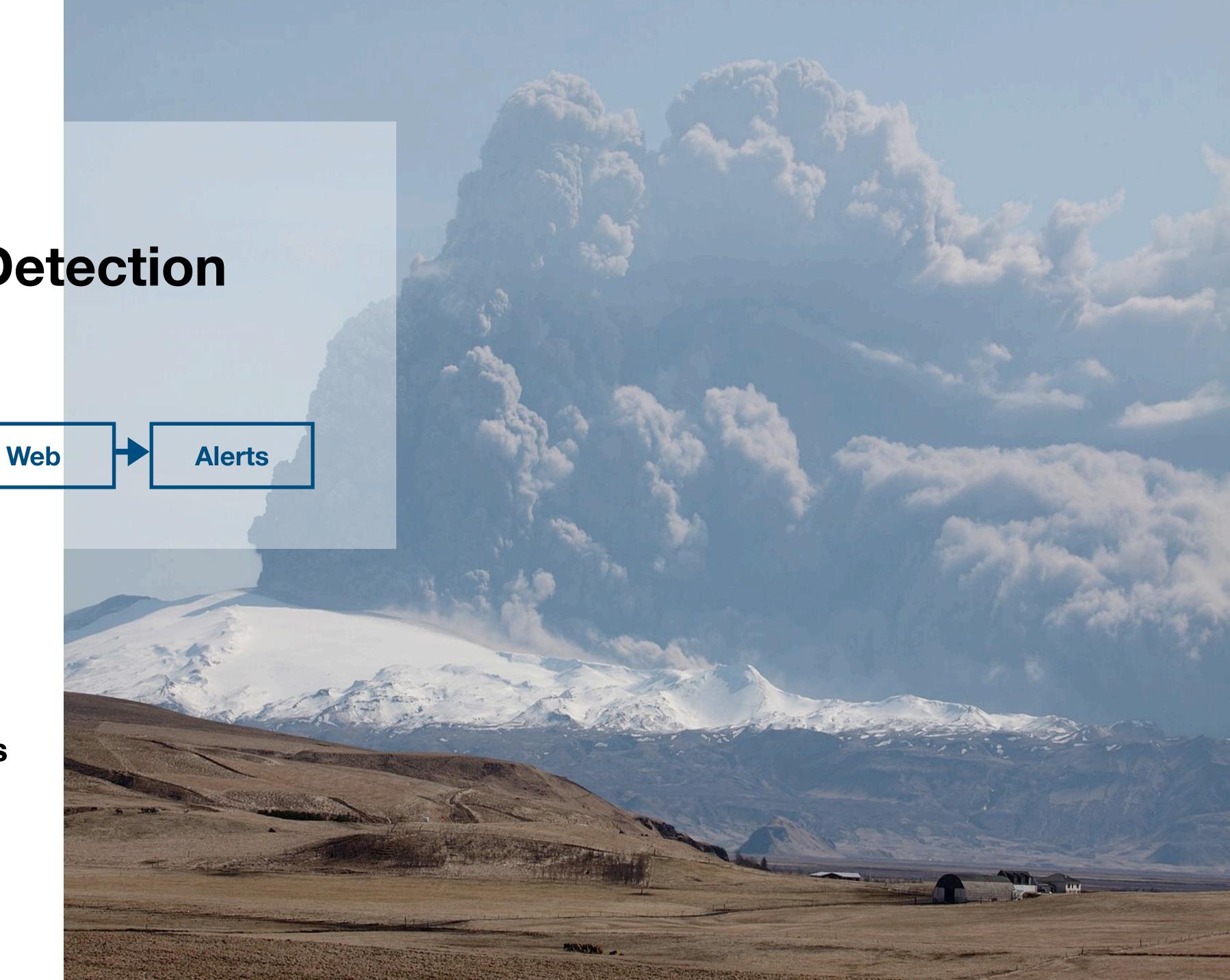


Imagery

AIRS contribution

Detection H

- 1. Can confirm eruptions in remote areas
- 2. Track long-lived ash clouds (days after eruption)

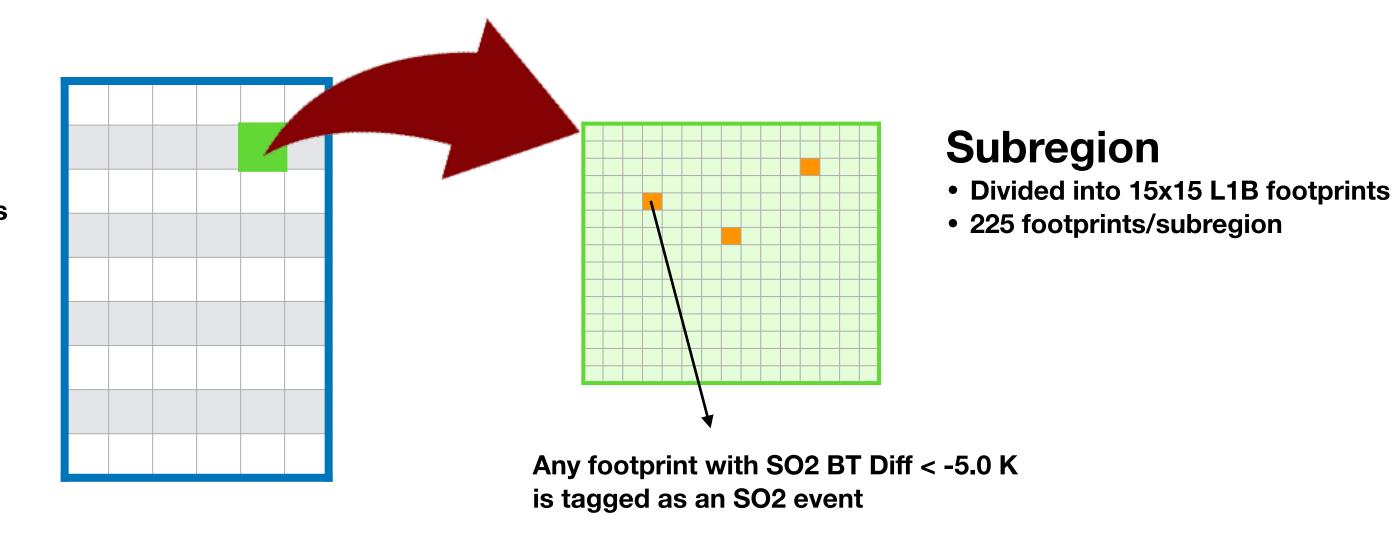


Algorithm operates on threshold breaches of AIRS SO2 BT DIFF and Dust Score for rapid response detection of volcanic plumes

- 240 AIRS Level 1B granules examined daily in NRT
- Plume Event detection operates on a granule at the subregion level
- Subregion size determined smallest unit to capture a plume (~ 220km x 220km)

Granule

- Divided into 6x9 subregions
- 54 subregions/granule



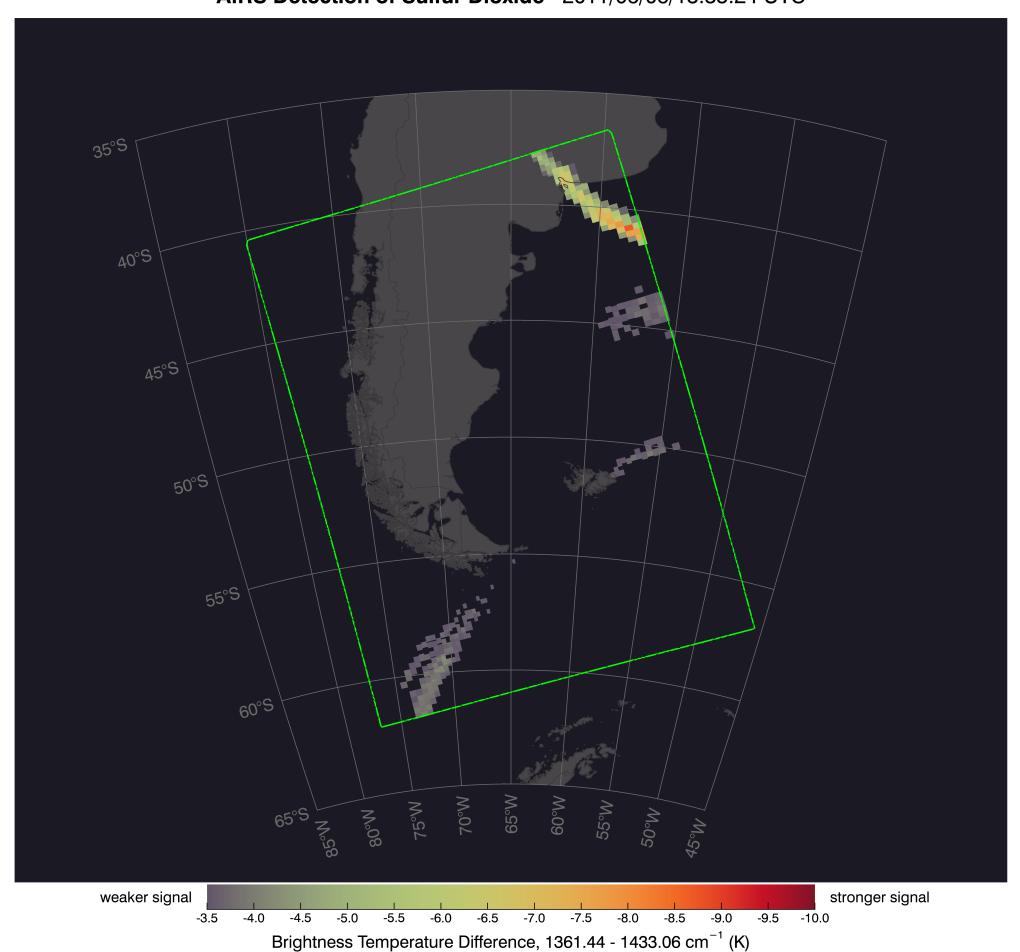
Plume Event Declared when two conditions met in subregion:

- 1. >= 20 SO2 events
- 2. Mean value of all SO2 events <= -5.5 K

Puyehue Cordon Caulle Eruption, Chile

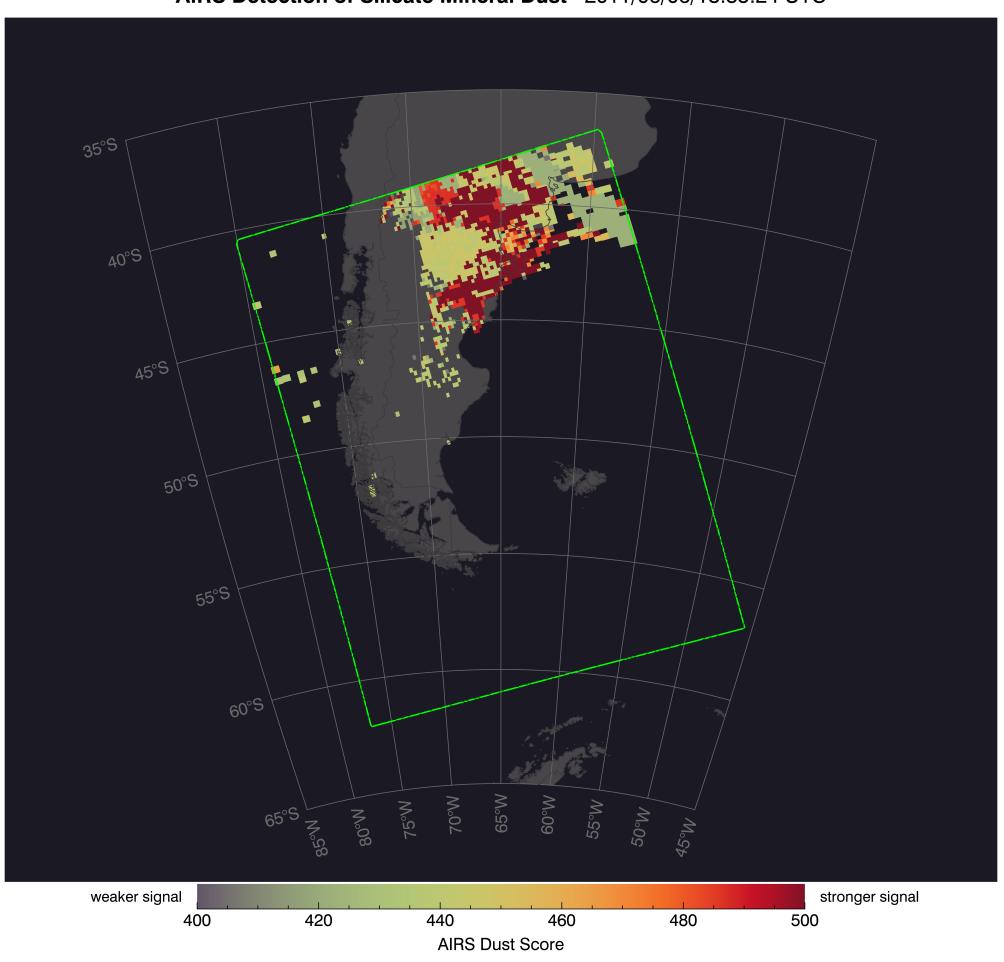
SO2 BT Difference

AIRS Detection of Sulfur Dioxide 2011/06/06/18:35:24 UTC



Dust Score

AIRS Detection of Silicate Mineral Dust 2011/06/06/18:35:24 UTC



Puyehue Cordon Caulle Eruption, Chile

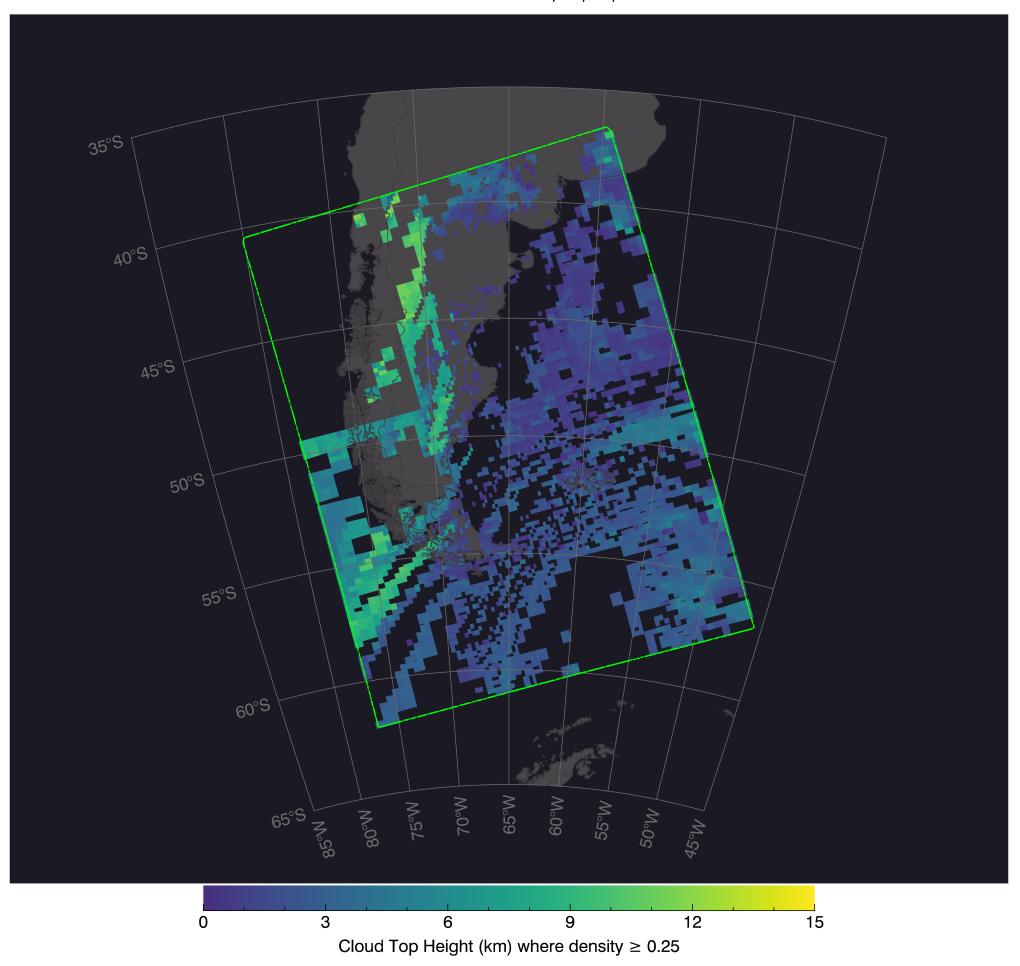
Total Cloud Fraction

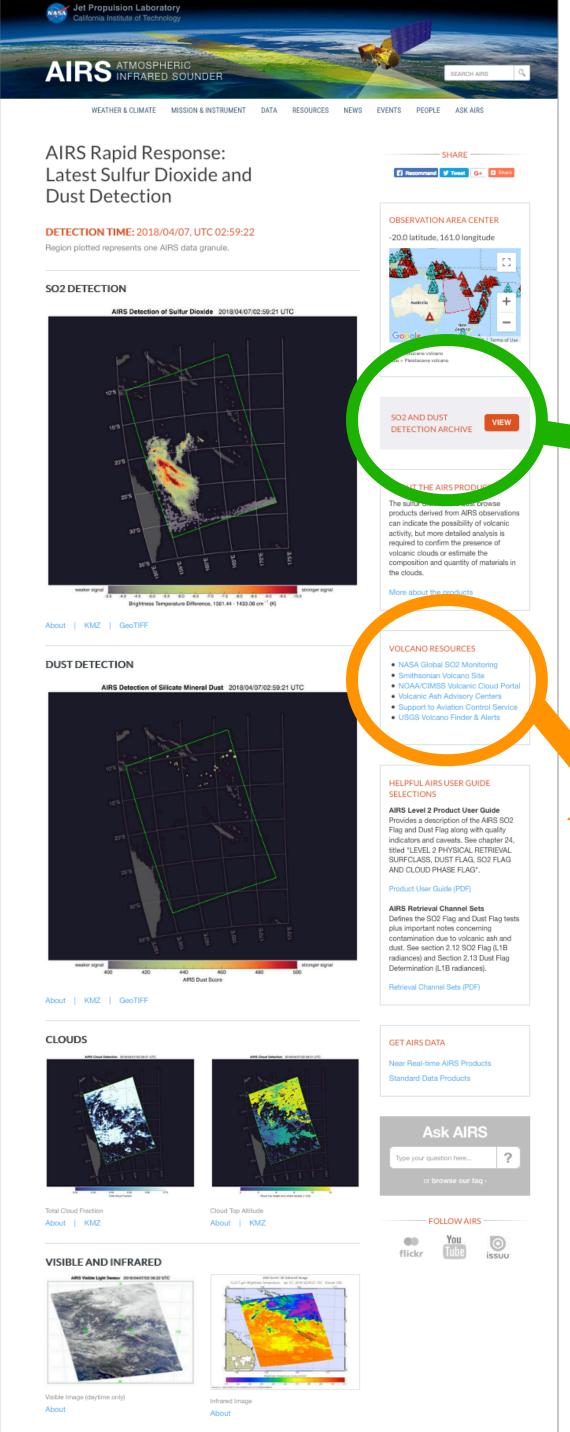
AIRS Cloud Detection 2011/06/06/18:35:24 UTC

0.25 0.35 0.45 0.55 0.65 0.75 **Total Cloud Fraction**

Cloud Top Height

AIRS Cloud Detection 2011/06/06/18:35:24 UTC





Web page: images, volcano locator, link to event archive, links to resources, user guides, data, KMZ, Geotiff formats available for images

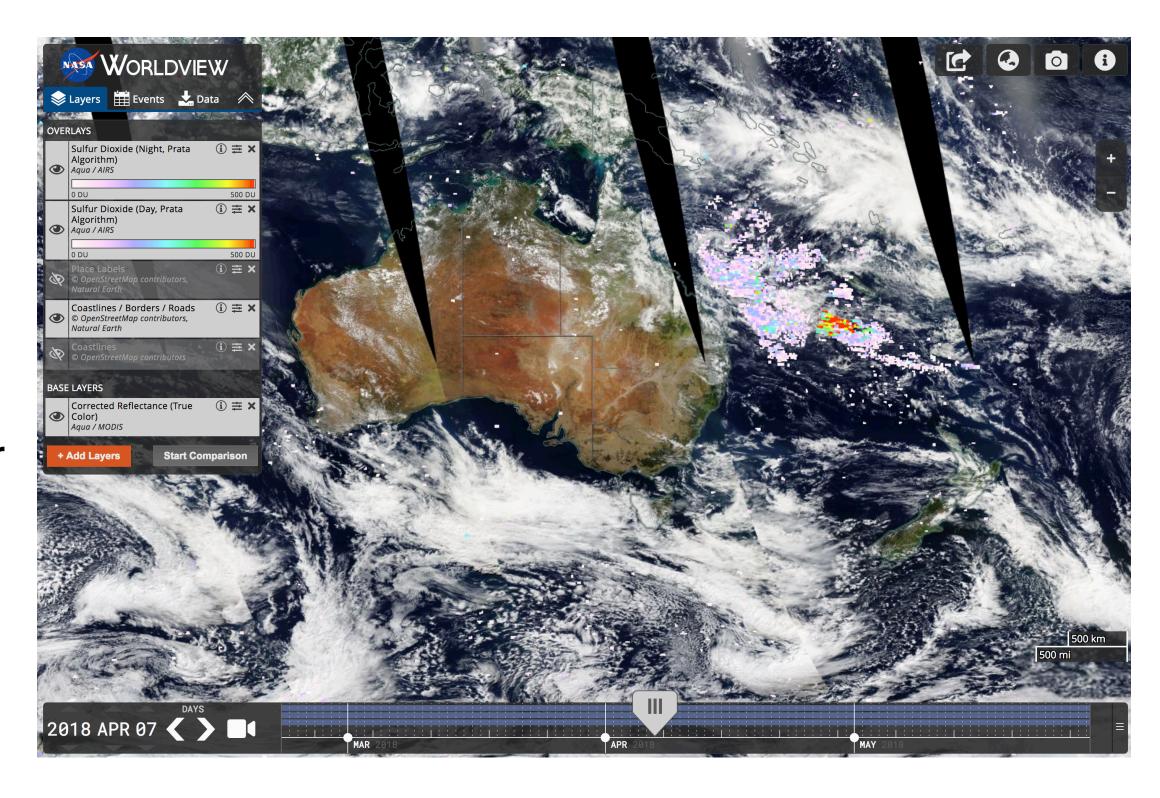
Using LANCE/GIBS/Worldview for AIRS Volcano RR



Event archive to leverage LANCE/GIBS/ Worldview when AIRS volcano imagery available

(SO2 BT DIFF, Dust Score, Cloud Fraction, Cloud Top Pressure)

Custom link to
Worldview seeded
with granule
boundaries and layer
"SO2 Index (Prata)"



LANCE / GIBS / Worldview Requests for Future Capability & Questions

Supporting AIRS volcanic plume detection rapid response

- On trigger from AIRS volcano rapid response, can LANCE create images and pushes them to GIBS (SO2 BT DIFF, Dust Score, Total Cloud Fraction, Cloud Top Height)?
- Worldview Volcano locations base map available?

Worldview titles need to include L2 or L3 designation

GIBS > Replace AIRS NRT with AIRS STD?

Non-NRT L2 or L4 applications products: Is image generation a future GES DAAC capability?

Idea: Worldview themes (a layer bundle?). Might support applications (drought bundle, volcano bundle...)

Getting images into GIBS Questions from applications leads

"Imagery accessible in Worldview would definitely be helpful. Both as DPA of a mission and as a researcher."

Who controls the imagery that is allowed in GIBS?

Pls can request a DAAC archive their data set, but a mission must get permission from HQs since flight projects are HQ directed

For products created beyond the original mission scope, what is the process to get these products into GIBS?

Is there a cheat sheet "What's the process for getting imagery into GIBS and who do you talk to?"

It would include information on how get imagery automatically generated

Thank you!

